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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/852,624	05/11/2001	Roland De La Mettrie	05725.0414-01	5645
22852	7590 03/28/2002			
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP 1300 I STREET, NW			EXAMINER	
			KOSS, ANN MARIE	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1751	
			DATE MAILED: 03/28/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1		MES				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/852,624	METTRIE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Ann-Marie Koss	1751				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 A	<u>1ay 2001</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>30-53</u> is/are pending in the applicatio						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>47-53</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>30-46</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. <u>09/319,201</u>						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 4	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 09/852,624 Page 2

Art Unit: 1751

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 30-46 are drawn to a ready-to-use composition for the oxidation dyeing of keratin fibers, classified in class 8, subclass 406.
- II. Claims 47-50 are drawn to a process of reshaping keratin fibers, classified in class424, subclass 70.22.
- III. Claims 51-53 are drawn to a process of bleaching keratin fibers classified in class 424 subclass 62.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions I, II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions differ in functions as well as in effects. The process of formulating a hair coloring composition as claimed could be used to make other and materially different product such as one used to reshape hair.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. During a telephone conversation with Mr. Jeremy Stipkala on March 14, 2002 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of a ready-to-use composition for the oxidation dyeing of keratin fibers, Group I, claims 30 through 46.

 Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Group II, claims 47 through 50, as well as Group III, claims 51 through 53, are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Application/Control Number: 09/852,624

Art Unit: 1751

4

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 7. Claims 30-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tomura et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,207,719).

Tomura et al. teaches an aqueous cosmetic composition and a process for treating hair or skin, which employs uricase and uric acid as a donor to the enzyme and can also contain anionic surfactants and oxidation dyes, (see col. 2 line 24-29, col. 3 line 30-52, col. 6 line 46-49, and Example 1). The reference further discloses an example of a hair dye composition in which an oxidation base (*p*-phenylenediamine), couplers (aminophenols), uric acid and uricase, glycerin and purified water are present and the resultant composition has a pH value of 9.2. (see Example 1, col. 6 line 23-40).

The claims differ from the instant composition in that specific anionic surfactants are required. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to formulate a composition that contains the claimed anionic surfactants and wherein each component is present in the claimed amounts, because such compositions fall within the scope of those taught by Tomura et al. Optimization of the proportions of each component would have been prima facie obvious to the skilled artisan in order to obtain the most effective color development, absent a showing otherwise.

With respect to claim 46, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to package such a composition with an oxidation base and a

Art Unit: 1751

composition of a 2-electron oxidoreductase with donor enzyme in separate devices as claimed for storage.

Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant'(s) disclosure. These references are considered cumulative to or less material than those discussed above.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ann-Marie Koss whose telephone number is (703) 305-3176. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays-Fridays 7:30am-4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yogendra Gupta can be reached on (703) 308-4708. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-6078 for regular communications and (703) 872-9310 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

YOGENDRA N. GUPTA
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

AMK

March 25, 2002